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OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: February 28, 2010

Expires: February 28, 2010 Estimated average burden hours per response...12.00 A/3 3/4

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER	
8- 48640	

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

F	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Barriger & Barriger Incorporated		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	F BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	
98 Bridgeville Road		
<u> </u>	(No. and Street)	PROCES
Monticello	New York	12701 (7): 0-4-) MAD 2.0
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code) MAR 2 0
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO	THOMS
(1 15)	Suc.	y
Lloyd Barriger	84,6	5914- 791-6600
Lloyd Barriger	84,6	y
Lloyd Barriger	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	5914- 791-6600
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION ANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*	914-791-6600 (Area Code – Telephone No.)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT LEVY AND GOLD, LLP	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION ANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name)	914-791-6600 (Area Code – Telephone No.)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT LEVY AND GOLD, LLP 310 NORTHERN BLVD	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION ANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) GREAT NECK	914-791-6600 (Area Code – Telephone No.)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT LEVY AND GOLD, LLP 310 NORTHERN BLVD (Address)	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION ANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) GREAT NECK	914-791-6600 (Area Code – Telephone No.)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT LEVY AND GOLD, LLP 310 NORTHERN BLVD (Address) CHECK ONE	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION ANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) GREAT NECK	914-791-6600 (Area Code – Telephone No.)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT LEVY AND GOLD, LLP 310 NORTHERN BLVD (Address) CHECK ONE * Certified Public Accountan	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION ANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) GREAT NECK (City) (State)	(Area Code – Telephone No.) NY Processing (Zip Code) FEB 28 2008
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT LEVY AND GOLD, LLP 310 NORTHERN BLVD (Address) CHECK ONE Certified Public Accountan Public Accountant	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION ANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) GREAT NECK (City) (State)	914-791-6600 (Area Code – Telephone No.)

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the exemption. See section 240,17a-5(e)(2).

Sec 1410 (06-02)

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St 3/6/08

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι,	Lloyd Barriger	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
bes	st of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financia	statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Barriger & Barriger Incorporated	, as of
any	y partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any stomer, except as follows:	rrect. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company no proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of
		Signature
Th	Notary Public nis Report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	ANDREW E. McKEAN Notary Public, State of New York Sullivan County Clerk's #2320 Commission Expires July 18, 20/U
×	(a) Facing Page	
×	77	
×	26.6	
×		artners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
_	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to	Claims of Creditors.
×	(g) Computation of Net Capital.	5
Ω	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Require	ments Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
0	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control R	equirements Onder Rule 1363-3. 1, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 1563-1 and
Ü	the computation for Determination of the Reserve R	tequirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
5	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and an audite of Consolidation.	d Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods
×		
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	1. Complete Source of the Sour
		d to exist or found to have existed since the date of the
•	previous audit.	
	(o) A report on internal control.	

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Levy & Gold, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

BARRIGER & BARRIGER INCORPORATED

REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2007

Levy & Gold, ILP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors and Stockholders Barriger & Barriger Incorporated Monticello, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Barriger & Barriger Incorporated as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Barriger & Barriger Incorporated as of December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Tery & Stoll ISP

Great Neck, New York February 24, 2008

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	69,026
Commissions receivable	•	41,598
Due from clearing broker		78,591
Other assets		1,764
	\$	190,979
		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses	_\$	4,769
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$1 par value; 20,000 shares authorized,		·
2,000 shares issued and outstanding		2,000
Additional paid-in-capital		146,908
Retained earnings (deficit)		37,302
		186,210
	\$	190,979

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

REVENUES	
Trading	\$ 560,399
Interest and other income	31,817
	 592,216
EXPENSES	
Salaries and payroll costs	213,830
Commissions and clearing charges	77,136
Communication	20,700
Occupancy	21,168
Operating expenses	 143,215
	 476,049
NET INCOME	\$ 116,167

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Control flows from an augiting mativities	
Cash flows from operating activities Net income	\$ 116,167
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	\$ 110,107
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	1,989
(Increase) decrease in assets:	1,505
Due from clearing broker	(39,473)
Commissions receivable	(10,368)
	10,207
Other assets	10,207
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	(2.007)
Accrued expenses	(2,887)
Total adjustments	(40,532)
2010. 40,4000	
Net cash provided by operating activities	75,635
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchase of equipment	(1,989)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,989)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Capital distributions	(60,450)
Net cash used in financing activities	(60,450)
NET INCREASE IN CASH	13,196
CASH - BEGINNING	55,830
CASH - END	\$ 69,026
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	•
Cash paid during the year for:	
Interest expense	\$ -
Income Tax	\$ 225

See notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)		TOTAL	
Balance - beginning	\$	2,000	\$	146,908	\$	(18,415)	\$	130,493	
Net income		-				116,167		116,167	
Distributions		<u>.</u>				(60,450)	_	(60,450)	
Balance - end	\$_	2,000	\$	146,908	_\$_	37,302	_\$_	186,210	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Barriger & Barriger Incorporated (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and clears its securities transactions on a fully disclosed basis with another broker-dealer. There are no liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors during the year ended December 31, 2007.

Commissions

Commissions and related clearing charges are recorded on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a "S" Corporation. An "S" Corporation generally pays no income taxes and passes through substantially all taxable events to the shareholders of the Company. The Company is subject to state franchise taxes.

Significant Credit Risk and Estimates

The Company's clearing and execution agreement provides that that it's clearing firm, First Clearing Corporation's ("FCC") credit losses relating to unsecured margin accounts receivable of the Company's customers are charged back to the Company.

In accordance with industry practice, FCC records customer transactions on a settlement date basis, which is generally three business days after the trade date. FCC is therefore exposed to risk of loss on these transactions in the event of the customer's inability to meet the terms of its contracts, in which case FCC may have to purchase or sell the underlying financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to satisfy its customer-related obligations. Any loss incurred by FCC is charged back to the Company.

The Company, in conjunction with FCC controls off-balance-sheet risk by monitoring the market value and marking securities to market on a daily basis and by requiring adjustments of collateral levels. FCC establishes margin requirements and overall credit limits for such activities and monitors compliance with the applicable limits and industry regulations on a daily basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

The Company is located in Monticello, New York and its customers are primarily located in Sullivan County, New York.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management of the Company to use estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. PENSION PLAN

The Company has a defined contribution pension plan which covers substantially all employees. The plan calls for contributions based on a specified percentage of employees salary and annual contributions are at the option of the Company. Contributions to the plan are included in salaries and payroll costs and were approximately \$42,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007.

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has entered into a lease for premises expiring October 30, 2010, with an option to renew for an additional five years. The lease calls for annual rent of approximately \$13,200 plus increases based on specified escalations. Rent expense was approximately \$21,200 for the year ended December 31, 2007. Future minimum lease commitments are as follows:

Years Ended December 31,

2008	\$ 13,000
2009	13,000
2010	_11,000
	<u>\$ 37,000</u>

4. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15C3-3

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k) (2) (ii) of the Rule.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2007

5. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15C3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$173,921 which was \$123,921 in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000. The Company had a percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 3% as of December 31, 2007.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c-3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

NET CAPITAL	
Stockholder's equity	\$ 186,210
Deductions and/or charges: Non-allowable assets	 10,717
	 175,493
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	
Haircuts and undue concentration	 1,572
NET CAPITAL	\$ 173,921
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 4,769
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED	\$ 50,000
EXCESS OF NET CAPTIAL OVER MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS	\$ 123,921
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPTIAL	 3%

Statement Pursuant to Paragraph (d) (4) of Rule 17a-5

There were no material differences with respect to the computation of net capital calculated above and the Company's computation included in Part IIA of Form X-17a-5 as of December 31, 2007.

Levy & Gold, ILP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIREDBY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER- DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Board of Directors and Stockholders Barriger & Barriger Incorporated Monticello, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Barriger & Barriger Incorporated (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatements of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified the following matter which was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of Barriger & Barriger Incorporated for the year ended December 31, 2007, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 24, 2008.

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Since this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Great Neck, New York

February 24, 2008